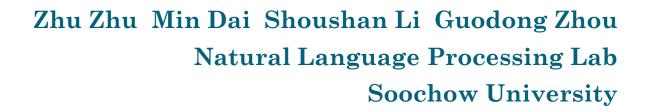
# RECOGNIZING THE ELLIPSIS OF OPINION TARGET IN CHINESE TEXT 中文文本中评价对象省略识别方法





#### OUTLINE

- o Background
- Related Work
- Recognizing the Ellipsis of Opinion Target in Chinese Text
  - Framework
  - Features
  - Experiments
- Conclusion



#### BACKGROUND

- Opinion target extraction is a basic task in sentiment analysis.
- Opinion target extraction is to extract the object faced by opinion expressions.
- ✓ In product reviews:
  - $\checkmark$  the product itself: *I like the computer*.
  - $\checkmark$  product attributes: The design of iphone 6 is amazing.



## BACKGROUND (CONT.)

 Ellipsis phenomenon is particularly common and acute in Chinese text.

 Opinion target is often omitted as an important element of sentiment information.



✓ 这次我们住在了火车站附近。 ✓ 很不错,很安静。 酒店(the hotel)



■ no ellipsis

ellipsis

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#### RELATED WORK

- Opinion Target Extraction
  - Unsupervised-learning
    - Hu and Liu, SIGKDD-2004;
    - Popescu and Etzioni, EMNLP-2005;
    - Scaffidi etc., EC-2007.

- Supervised-learning
  - Zhuang etc., CIKM-2006;
  - Kessler and Nicolov, AAAI-2009;
  - o Jakob etc., EMNLP-2010;
  - o Li etc., *AAAI-2012*.



## RELATED WORK (CONT.)

- Ellipsis in Chinese
  - Characteristics:
    - Flexibility
    - Uncertainty
  - There is no concrete study related to the ellipsis of opinion target in Chinese sentiment texts.
  - Approaches (zero anaphora):
    - Rule-based
      - Yeh etc., Computational Linguistic-1997;
      - Nielsen, COLING-2004.
    - Machine-learning
      - Zhao etc., EMNLP-2007;
      - Huang etc., Computer Science-2012.

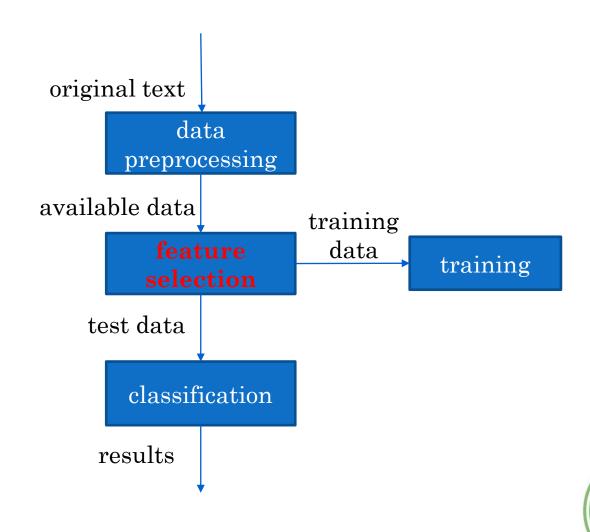


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## FRAMEWORK



#### FEATURES

- 这台笔记本虽然好看,但是不实用。
  - Clause1: 这台笔记本虽然好看,
  - *Clause2*: 但是(这台笔记本)不实用。
  - Opinion target-----这台笔记本:
    - at the beginning of the sentence
    - o noun
    - appeared in clause 1, while omitted in clause 2



# FEATURES (CONT.)

• sentence's position-dependent features

| Features  | Description   |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| $f_i w$   | the first $i$ words at the beginning of the sentence              |  |
| $f_i p$   | the POS of the first $i$ words at the beginning of the sentence   |  |
| $f_iw\_p$ | the first $i$ words at the beginning of the sentence with the POS |  |
| $l_i w$   | the last $i$ words at the end of the sentence                     |  |
| $l_i p$   | the POS of the last $i$ words at the end of the sentence          |  |
| $l_iw\_p$ | the last $i$ words at the end of the sentence with the POS        |  |



# FEATURES (CONT.)

• sentence's position-independent features

| Features | Description                            |  |
|----------|--|--|
| word     | all words in the sentence (bagword)    |  |
| pos      | the POS of all words in the sentence   |  |
| $w\_p$   | all words in the sentence with the POS |  |



# FEATURES (CONT.)

#### • contextual features

| Features  | Description                                     |  |
|-----------|---|--|
| PreW      | all words in the previous clause                |  |
| PreP      | the POS of all words in the previous clause     |  |
| $PreW\_P$ | all words in the previous sentence with the POS |  |



## **EXPERIMENTS**

• Corpus—from Amazon

| Domain   | Docs. | Sen. | Sen. (with the ellipsis of opinion target) |
|----------|-------|------|--|
| Notebook | 2000  | 4649 | 1082 (23%)                                 |
| Hotel    | 1000  | 4368 | 614 (14%)                                  |
| Beauty   | 2000  | 3291 | 1060 (32%)                                 |



# EXPERIMENTS (CONT.)

- Single feature
- Greedy feature selection



## GREEDY FEATURE SELECTION

#### Notebook

| Features          | Performance (F1%) |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| $w\_p$            | 71.9              |
| +word             | 75.8              |
| +f <sub>2</sub> p | 76.6              |
| $+f_2p$ $+f_1w$   | 77.1              |
| +pos              | 77.5              |
| $+f_3p$           | 77.7              |
| $+l_1p$           | 78.3              |



# GREEDY FEATURE SELECTION (CONT.)

#### • Hotel

| Features          | Performance (F1%) |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| word              | 72.4              |
| +w_p              | 75.4              |
| +pos              | 76.9              |
| +f <sub>2</sub> p | 77.7              |
| +f <sub>1</sub> p | 78.2              |
| $+f_1w_p$         | 78.7              |
| +f <sub>1</sub> w | 79.0              |
| $+PreW\_P$        | 80.1              |



# GREEDY FEATURE SELECTION (CONT.)

#### • Beauty

| Features          | Performance (F1%) |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| word              | 76.3              |
| +w_p              | 76.4              |
| $+f_1w$           | 76.6              |
| +f <sub>2</sub> p | 77.2              |
| +pos              | 77.5              |
| $+f_1p$           | 77.7              |
| $+l_{3}p$         | 77.9              |
| $+l_1w\_p$        | 78.3              |
| +PreW             | 78.7              |



### FEATURE CONCLUSION

- sentence's position-dependent features
  - $f_i p$
- sentence's position-independent features
  - *word*, *pos*, *w\_p*
- contextual features
  - combination > single



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## CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

• More features

• Applied to the task of opinion target extraction

Combined with opinion expressions

**O** .....





